# Teaching and Learning Strategies for Middle/High School From

"The Making of Milwaukee Curriculum"

# Maps and Mapping: Teaching and Learning about Milwaukee through Maps and Mapping

The following activities are from "The Making of Milwaukee" on-line curriculum:

- > Mapping Ethnicities
- > Mapping Industries
- ➤ Mapping Landmarks and/or Suburbs
- > Where Am I? (Mapping Places of the 1930's in Milwaukee)
- > The Mighty Migration (Mapping the African American Northward Migration)

#### MAPPING ETHNICITIES

- 1. Give students a blank map of Milwaukee while they are watching The Making of Milwaukee Video Chapters 4, 5, and/or 7 and ask them to color, with different colors, areas where the various ethnic groups in Milwaukee settled between 1846 and 1910. A Milwaukee map can be located at <a href="http://www.mapquest.com/">http://www.mapquest.com/</a>
- 2. Then ask them to compare their maps with each other to see if they colored in the same areas.
- 3. End this activity by showing them the actual map of the areas where the various ethnic groups in Milwaukee settled on *The Making of Milwaukee* website, <a href="https://www.themakingofmilwaukee.com">www.themakingofmilwaukee.com</a>. Go to the "In the Classroom" section and click on Interactive Tools to locate the Milwaukee Immigration Map Activity.
- 4. Or, to go directly to this on-line interactive lesson, the Milwaukee Immigration Map Activity, click here now: <a href="http://www.themakingofmilwaukee.com/classroom/map\_game.cfm">http://www.themakingofmilwaukee.com/classroom/map\_game.cfm</a>

Please make sure to explain to students that these boundaries show where the largest number of each ethnic group settled in Milwaukee. However, the settlement of these ethnic groups was not limited to the boundaries on the map and people of various ethnicities settled in the areas marked on the map for any one particular ethnic group.

#### MAPPING INDUSTRIES

\*\*Note to Teachers: Video Chapters 6 & 8 complement this lesson activity.

- 1. Companies and workplaces noted in #3 below played a very significant role in Milwaukee's rise as a "City of Industries" and "Machine Shop of the World" and still play a significant role.
- 2. Access a map of Milwaukee at the following website: <a href="http://www.mapquest.com/">http://www.mapquest.com/</a>
  Or, access a Milwaukee map on *The Making of Milwaukee* website: <a href="http://www.mapquest.com/">www.themakingofmilwaukee.com/</a>
- 3. Have students go to a phone book or use the yellow pages at <a href="http://yp.yahoo.com/">http://yp.yahoo.com/</a> to locate the places on a map.
  - Harley Davidson Motorcycle Company
  - Rockwell Automation (formerly Allen-Bradley Company)
  - Falk Company
  - Harnischfeger Corporation
  - Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance
  - Miller Brewing Company

#### MAPPING THE LANDMARKS AND/OR SUBURBS

Go to the "Image Library" of the "In the Classroom" section on The Making of Milwaukee website, <u>www.themakingofmilwaukee.com</u>. Select the "Maps" from the pull down menu and choose a Milwaukee County Map outline to print.

- 1. Students will identify 10 major Milwaukee landmarks and pinpoint their location on the map and/or the suburbs of Milwaukee.
- 2. Student will construct a map key so that the reader can easily locate each of the landmarks and/or suburbs.

#### WHERE AM I?

\*\*Note to Teachers: Video Chapter 12, 13, & 14 complement this lesson activity.

1. The following places became a significant part of Milwaukee's landscape during the 1930's. See if students can locate each on a map of Milwaukee. The following website offers a printable map of Milwaukee: <a href="http://www.mapquest.com/">http://www.mapquest.com/</a>

- Greendale
- Parklawn Housing Project (Hint: 40 acres west of Sherman Boulevard at Lincoln Creek)
- The Linnwood Avenue Water Treatment Plant (Hint: it's very close to UWM)
- Whitnall Park
- The Milwaukee Quarry (Hint: It was located in Currie Park)
- The Milwaukee County Courthouse
- Borchert Field (Hint: It was on 8<sup>th</sup> and Chambers)

# THE MIGHTY MIGRATION

\*\*Note to teachers: You may want students to view The Making of Milwaukee Video Chapters 15 and 16 before engaging in these activities.

### 1. Migration Map

(Note: Teachers and/or students may want to visit the following sites to gather background information for this activity):

http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/african/intro.html

http://northbysouth.kenyon.edu/

http://www.nebraskastudies.org/0700/frameset\_reset.html?http://www.nebraskastudies.org/0700/stories/0701\_0131.html http://www.inmotionaame.org/home.cfm

- a. On a blank map of the United States, have students show the migration of African Americans from the South to northern cities such as Chicago and Milwaukee.
- b. Students should use a variety of colors, lines and arrows to show the various routes taken from southern states.
- c. Discuss with students the following questions concerning the migration of blacks to northern cities:
  - Why did blacks leave the South?
  - What did blacks leave behind as they migrated north (traditions, family, jobs, homes, culture, etc)?
  - What types of challenges did blacks face as they migrated (segregated facilities, safety risks, uncharted territories, long trips, etc.)?

# 2. Dear Diary...

Photos of the following topics are available in the "Image Library" of the "In the Classroom" section on The Making of Milwaukee website, www.themakingofmilwaukee. Choose "Lesson"

Activities Photos" from the pull down menu and use the "search" tool to locate the photos related to the topics below:

- a. Have students consider the movement of African Americans from the South to the North. They should reflect on the challenges blacks faced once they settled in Milwaukee. Briefly discuss the following issues with students:
  - North Side blight
  - Hillside housing project/low income housing
  - Hostility with whites
  - Resistance to diversity in neighborhoods/communities
  - Poverty and prejudice
  - Acquiring jobs in a new city
  - Milwaukeeans United for School Integration Committee (MUSIC) Protests
  - Father Groppi marches
  - The riot of July 30, 1967
- b. Students will take on the perspective of an African American who has migrated to Milwaukee during this time period. Using the topics of the reflective activity, students will write 1-3 diary entries explaining their experiences in Milwaukee. They should bring to light the difficulties that were explained Video Chapter 16, *City Under Siege*.
- c. Students may also consider interviewing someone who lived in Milwaukee during these difficult times. They should use the information in the interview to create a journal or diary for that particular person based on the information they gathered. These diary or journal entries can cover several days or weeks in which these events took place. Students should draw on the interviewee's experiences to bring about a passionate, realistic account of what it was like to live in Milwaukee during this era.

# Follow-up Learning Activities:

- Students may exchange diaries with a partner, read a day's entry to a small group or select a passage to read to the class.
- Have students respond to the following questions in written form or group discussion:
  - What were the experiences of new blacks arriving in Milwaukee from the South?
  - What fears did whites have about an increasing black population in Milwaukee?
  - How does the "inner core" (North Side of Milwaukee) in the 1960s compare with the "inner core" of 2006?

#### 3. Rising Above Racism... A Message for Milwaukee

- a. Allow students to reflect on the events surrounding the racial tensions in Milwaukee.
- b. Encourage students to write a persuasive speech that will be presented in a local Milwaukee church. The speech's message should focus on the following:
  - The racial tensions of Milwaukee in the 1960s
  - How blacks have faced and struggled through racial animosity
  - What needs to be done in Milwaukee to make it a great place for ALL people to live, regardless of color, race, religion and socio-economic status?
- c. Speeches should be written in the context of the 1960s. Limit speeches to 1-2 minutes to ensure that all students will be afforded the opportunity to present and promote their ideas.
- d. After listening to speeches, discuss the following questions with students or have students discuss them in small groups:
  - What are the benefits and consequences of a diverse city?
  - How can racial equality be obtained in cities that contain an assortment of ethnic groups?
  - Does violent behavior lead to progress towards racial equality? Why or why not?
  - Have race relations improved today in comparison to what Milwaukee experienced throughout the 1960s? Explain by incorporating specific examples.
- e. Students may also contact local churches to present their speeches. Assist students in making contacts and organizing a visit to local churches and their congregations to deliver their powerful messages. Encourage community leaders to work with students in delivering informative and passionate speeches that help uplift individuals during difficult times.